

U.S. Application No. 09/965,030
Reply to Office Action dated November 1, 2006

PATENT
450100-03503

REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

Reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejections of the application are respectfully requested in view of the remarks herewith, which place the application into condition for allowance. The present response is being made to facilitate prosecution of the application.

I. STATUS OF THE CLAIMS AND FORMAL MATTERS

Claims 1-2, 5-6, and 9-10 are currently pending. Claims 1, 5, and 9 are independent. No new matter has been introduced by this Amendment. Support for the claims is found throughout the Specification as originally filed.

II. REJECTIONS UNDER 35 U.S.C. §112

Claims 1, 5, and 9 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §112, first paragraph, for allegedly failing to comply with the written description requirement.

Applicants respectfully submit that the disclosure in Figure 13, and described on page 13-15 of the Specification, clearly shows two or more data transfer apparatus connected by two or more buses. Thus, a second data transfer apparatus is disclosed in Figure 13 and on pages 13-15 of the Specification.

III. REJECTIONS UNDER 35 U.S.C. §103(a)

Claims 1-3, 5-7, and 9-11 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as allegedly unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,643,702 to Yeung (hereinafter, merely "Yeung") in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,636,922 to Bastiani et al. (hereinafter, merely "Bastiani"), and further in view

U.S. Application No. 09/965,030
Reply to Office Action dated November 1, 2006

PATENT
450100-03503

of U.S. Patent No. 6,728,244 to Takabatake (hereinafter, merely "Takabatake") and U.S. Patent No. 6,693,915 to Lappetelainen et al. (hereinafter, merely "Lappetelainen").

As understood by Applicants, Yeung relates to a method for initializing an eligibility bit map and determining whether at least one eligible route has required resources available.

As understood by Applicants, Bastiani relates to a host controller for enabling communication between a host computer and a device over a serial link.

As understood by Applicants, Takabatake relates to a communication node for enabling internetworking of a first network in which data transfer is based on a combination of request and response and a second network in which data transfer is not based on a combination of request and response.

As understood by Applicants, Lappetelainen relates to efficient bandwidth allocation for a high speed wireless data transmission system.

Claim 1 recites, *inter alia*:

"... the data transfer apparatus being connected to the second bus through a second data transfer apparatus..."

transferring means for transferring the data from the data transfer apparatus to the second data transfer apparatus according to the destination information ..."

(Emphasis added)

Applicants respectfully submit that nothing has been found in either Yeung, Bastiani, Takabatake or Lappetelainen, taken alone or in combination, that would teach or suggest the above-identified features of claim 1. Specifically, Yeung, Bastiani, Takabatake or Lappetelainen, taken alone or in combination, do not disclose or suggest that the data transfer apparatus is connected to the second bus through a second data transfer apparatus. The applied

U.S. Application No. 09/965,030
Reply to Office Action dated November 1, 2006

PATENT
450100-03503

combination also does not teach or suggest transferring means for transferring the data from the data transfer apparatus to the second data transfer apparatus according to the destination information, all as recited in claim 1.

Applicants have reviewed the cited portions of Yeung and Bastiani and respectfully submit that the pending claims are patentable over the cited portions of Yeung and Bastiani, which do not disclose a second data transfer apparatus, as required by claim 1.

Additionally, Applicants respectfully submit that there is no motivation to combine Yeung, Bastiani, Takabatake and Lappetelainen. Nothing has been found in either Yeung, Bastiani, Takabatake or Lappetelainen, taken alone or in combination, nor in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art, to combine the reference teachings in such a way as to create the data transfer apparatus of claim 1.

Applicants respectfully submit that the Office Action can **not** rely on impermissible hindsight reasoning in seeking a motivation to combine the reference teachings.

More specifically, M.P.E.P. §2142 states:

To reach a proper determination under 35 U.S.C. 103, the examiner must step backward in time and into the shoes worn by the hypothetical "person of ordinary skill in the art" when the invention was unknown and just before it was made. In view of all factual information, the examiner must then make a determination whether the claimed invention "as a whole" would have been obvious at that time to that person. Knowledge of applicant's disclosure must be put aside in reaching this determination, yet kept in mind in order to determine the "differences," conduct the search and evaluate the "subject matter as a whole" of the invention. The tendency to resort to "hindsight" based upon applicant's disclosure is often difficult to avoid due to the very nature of the examination process. However, impermissible hindsight must be avoided and the legal conclusion must be reached on the basis of the facts gleaned from the prior art. (Emphasis added)

U.S. Application No. 09/965,030
Reply to Office Action dated November 1, 2006

[illegible]

Although a hindsight point of view is necessary to develop an understanding of applicants' invention, it may take "into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill in the art at the time the claimed invention was made" (MPEP §2145). Nothing has been found within the knowledge within the level of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to motivate a person of ordinary skill in the art to combine the reference teachings to create the data transfer apparatus as claimed in claim 1.

[illegible]

For reasons similar to, or somewhat similar to, those described above with regard to independent claim 1, independent claims 5 and 9 are also patentable.

IV. DEPENDENT CLAIMS

[illegible]

U.S. Application No. 09/965,030
Reply to Office Action dated November 1, 2006

PATENT
450100-03503

CONCLUSION

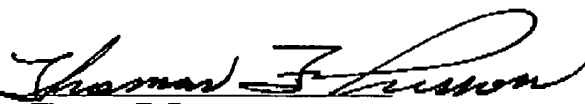
In the event the Examiner disagrees with any of statements appearing above with respect to the disclosure in the cited reference, or references, it is respectfully requested that the Examiner specifically indicate those portions of the reference, or references, providing the basis for a contrary view.

Please charge any additional fees that may be needed, and credit any overpayment, to our Deposit Account No. 50-0320.

In view of the foregoing remarks, it is believed that all of the claims in this application are in condition for allowance and Applicants respectfully request early passage to issue of the present application.

Respectfully submitted,

FROMMER LAWRENCE & HAUG LLP
Attorneys for Applicants

By 
Thomas F. Presson
Reg. No. 41,442
(212) 588-0800